

GPGPU, 2nd Meeting

Mordechai Butrashvily, CEO

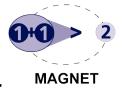
moti@gass-ltd.co.il

GASS Company for Advanced Supercomputing Solutions





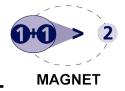




- 1st meeting
- 2nd meeting
- Future meetings
- Activities



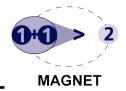




- Got familiar with GPU technology and trends
- Covered historical developments
- Current and latest technologies from NVIDIA and ATI

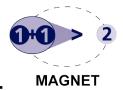






- GPU computing using NVIDIA software stack and products
- CUDA programming
- Short example
- Tesla platform
- GPGPU for IT
- Questions

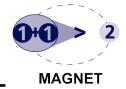




- Software stacks and frameworks by NVIDIA and ATI: CUDA $\sqrt{}$
 - StreamComputing
- Developments and general talks about programming and hardware issues
- More advanced topics
- Looking for ideas ③

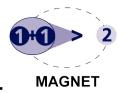






- Basis for a platform to exchange knowledge, ideas and information
- Cooperation and collaborations between parties in the Israeli industry
- Representing parties against commercial and international companies
- Training, courses and meetings with leading companies





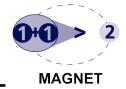
NVIDIA software stack

GPU Computing for programmers





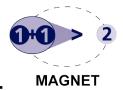




- Software stack for GPU computing:
 - CUDA Toolkit
 - Compiler, Assembler
 - Libraries
 - Documentation
 - CUDA SDK



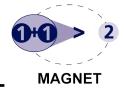




- CUDA
 - Compute Unified Device Architecture
- Provides the runtime required to run CUDA based solutions
- Supporting all GPUs starting from G80 (GeForce 8x00 series)



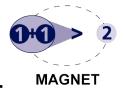




- CUDA 1.1 released in Q4 2007:
 - Single precision arithmetic
 - Supports Windows XP/Linux/MacOS 32 bit
- CUDA 2.0, final in Aug 2008:
 - Single/Double precision arithmetic
 - Support for XP/Vista/Linux in both 32 and 64 bits



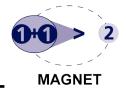




- Includes:
 - Compiler for CUDA code (binary that runs on the GPU)
 - Assembler for PTX language
 - Documentation
 - Runtime, FFT and BLAS libraries







- Provides additional information for developers
- Examples covering many aspects of CUDA programming
- Supported by every platform as the toolkit





MAGNET

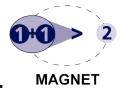


Syntax, capabilities etc.



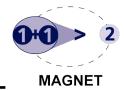






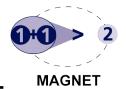
- What is CUDA
- Why is it good?
- What can be done with it?
- Summary of capabilities by CUDA
- Additional tools





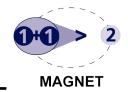
- CUDA can be considered as another shader language for GPUs
- Providing low level access to the hardware
- Without knowing graphics API (DX, GL)
- CUDA is a framework that provides:
 - Development tools
 - Runtime
 - Defines a language





- Provides low level access to the GPU hardware
- Much faster than traditional Graphics API
- Language that is specific for computing, without graphics terms
- C/C++ based syntax (upcoming support for Fortran)
- Porting existing code isn't that difficult





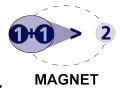
- Every computation that fits a GPU
- Using CUDA we can:
 - Allocate and transfer memory between a device and host
 - Run specific "kernel"s (math computations)
 - Configure the amount of cores to utilize
 - Access DirectX and OpenGL resources (texture data) during process



- Vector types:
 - char{1-4}, short{1-4}, int{1-4}, long{1-4}, float{1-4}
 - Unsigned version of integers
- No vector operators!
- Intrinsic functions (sin, cos, exp etc.)
- Procedural programming

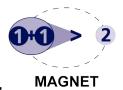






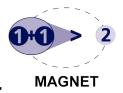
- In the host side:
 - Allocating memory and transferring data
 - Support for 2D and 3D block copies
 - Asynchronous memory transfer (bi-di)
 - Asynchronous execution
 - Support for FFT (1D-3D) and BLAS routines (partial support for complex ops)

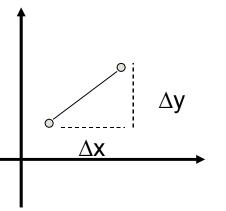




- <u>CUDA.NET</u> Develop cross-platform CUDA solutions
- <u>CAPS HMPP</u> Accelerate your program using available co-processor (Multi-Core, GPU, Cell), using C/C++/Fortran etc.







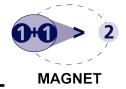
Short example

Slope computation



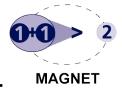






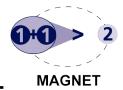
- Using CUDA and Tesla platform
- Computing slopes between coordinates in 2D space:
 - Total of 2²⁶ (67,108,864) points pairs
 - 2²⁷ total points
 - Result: 2²⁶ slopes
 - Total memory:
 - 1 GB input (0.5 GB for each data-set)
 - 256 MB for results





- CUDA 2.0 beta2
- Tesla C870:
 - 128 cores
 - 1.5 GB RAM
- Linux Fedora Core 9
- CUDA.NET for executing the kernel (Mono 1.9)

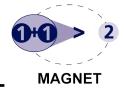




- Number of blocks:
 - X: 512 (2⁹) - Y: 256 (2⁸)
- Each with 512 threads
- Total threads 2²⁶
- Total memory 1.25 GB (input & output)





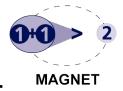


extern "C" __global__ compute_slopes(float2* p1, float2* p2, float* result) { // Get index into array int i = blockldx.x + blockldx.y * gridDim.x; i += threadIdx.x;

// Compute (y2-y1) / (x2-x1) result[i] = (p2[i].y – p1[i].y) / (p2[i].x – p1[i].x);

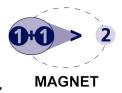






- 132.868 ms on the GPU
- ~1200 ms on the CPU (Intel Quad Q9300) using SSE
- ~x10 factor
- Many optimizations to apply, so the final factor may be higher







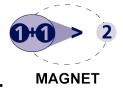
Tesla Platform

Hardware platform for GPU computing



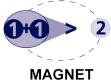






- Tesla, another GPU card
- Current products
- Future products

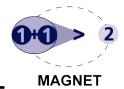




- Not just
- Another class of GPU cards, between gaming (GeForce) and professional (Quadro)
- No screen output, meant for computations only
- The recommended solution for GPU computing!





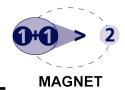


	C870	D870	S870
GPU#	1	2	4
Cores	128	256	512
Memory	1.5 GB	3 GB	6 GB
Performanc e	0.5 TFlops	1 TFlops	2 TFlops
Bandwidth	76.8 GB/s	153.6 GB/s	307.2 GB/s
Price	1000\$	5500\$	7500\$

of Grid Technologies (IGT)

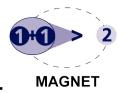






	C1060	S1070 (1U)
GPU#	1	4
Cores	240	960
Memory	4 GB	16 GB
Performance	1 TFlops	4 TFlops
Bandwidth	102 GB/s	408 GB/s
Price	1845\$	8690\$





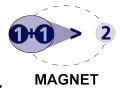
GPGPU for IT

GPU Computing in Organizations



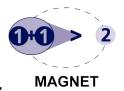






- GPU computing solutions
- Implementing GPU environment
- IT services





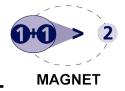
- Like covered previously
 - C1060 single GPU in a workstation
 - S1070 1U server with 4 GPUs
- It is possible to build a custom computer
- Or use a single GPU



- Organization usually need to implement a large scale GPU solution
- What about maintenance? And other IT services...
- Training?...



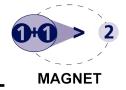




- This issues are being solved nowadays as organizations start to think about GPU solutions
- At the end, these services will help:
 - Choose the correct hardware
 - Train your IT personnel
 - Know how to manage replacement
 - Monitor GPU as network resources
- The goal is to help executives have a solid ground for using GPUs in their solutions!



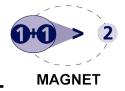




- Hybrid cluster solutions (Servers with integrated Tesla) by global vendors
- Support for systems with replacement parts available immediately







- GPU computing using NVIDIA solutions is very effective
- Providing both hardware and software
- Very cost-effective solutions compared to CPU and GRID





